Governors State University-Department of Public Safety

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report 2022

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Both the College and University Security Information Act and the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 require the publication of certain information and statistics to be distributed to students, employees, and applicants.

2022 Edition
Dear Campus Community,

Many prospective students and their families, as well as prospective employees, have indicated their concern and interest in measures taken by colleges and universities regarding campus safety.

Safety at Governors State University is everybody’s business. Governors State University students, faculty and staff are partners with the University in creating an atmosphere that is safe and conducive to learning. Together we form a powerful team.

The key to preventing crime is awareness through education. While it is not likely that you will become a victim of crime on campus, Governors State University has taken many steps to reduce the risks. The information in this handy guide, combined with practical precautions, can promote your safety and the safety of all members of the Governors State University family.

Please read this guide carefully and use the information to help maintain a safe environment. Only with your help can we succeed in keeping Governors State University a great place to live, work and study.

This edition of Governors State University Safety and Security Report is in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act of 1998. We hope the information in this brochure will help to increase your personal awareness of safety and security on campus.

Sincerely,

James R. McGee

Director of Public Safety/Chief of Police
Governors State University Campus Crime Statistics

The Governors State University Police Department gathers statistical data for this publication. Information about crime is gathered from University Police crime statistics, University employees, campus judicial records, Governors State University Police, and University Park Police. Information about criminal activity engaged in by students at off-campus locations of student organizations officially recognized by the University is collected annually from the Governors State University Police Department.

Individuals who wish to report crimes for inclusion in the campus security document may contact the Governors State University Police Department at 708-534–4900. In seeking to maintain a safe, secure and educational setting, the Governors State University Police Department encourages the reporting of crimes and other emergencies. Individuals who report crimes are not compelled to seek criminal prosecution of suspects.

Information about crime on campus can be found in this brochure. Crime data is presented in separate tables because federal and state laws governing the reporting and presentation of statistics differ. This publication can be obtained by contacting the Governors State University Police at 708-534–4900.

Electronic Version of Campus Right to Know Report
In addition, an electronic version of the report is published at: http://www.govst.edu/Campus_Life/Campus_Safety/Campus_Right_to_Know/

Authority – Governors State University Police Department

The Governors State University Police Department is here to help all members of the Governors State University community. The Governors State University Police Department, located in the Main Building C1375, serves as the administrative office responsible for law enforcement on the Governors State campus. University police officers are on duty 24 hours a day, every day of the year. The Governors State University Police Department has full arrest powers and its officers are responsible for enforcing all state and federal laws on campus. University Police receive their arrest powers through the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The Governors State University Police Department consists of a full-time chief and full-time commissioned officers, community service officers and dispatchers. All police officers have completed the required training by the Illinois Training and Standards Board. All officers are required to maintain certifications in cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR), including the use of an automated external
defibrillator (AED) and first aid, mental health awareness, firearms and annual update training through the Illinois Training and Standard Board. The officers also attend additional specialized training, such as active-shooter training and cultural diversity training, as it becomes available. The department patrols consist of marked units, bicycle, ATV, and foot patrols for the Governors State University campus.

The Governors State University Police Department maintains a 24-hour dispatch center to answer all calls for service and immediate assistance. Upon receiving a request for assistance, an officer, along with appropriate personnel, will be immediately dispatched to the location. In cases involving criminal activity, University police officers will respond and conduct an investigation. Information regarding all arrests made by University Police for criminal violations on campus is forwarded to the Office of Community Standards and Student Advocacy. The Governors State University Police Department maintains a liaison with the University Park Police Department for any crimes committed by a student off campus; these violations also are reported to the Office of Community Standards and Student Advocacy on campus. The Governors State University Police Department also maintains an excellent relationship with all local police agencies, Illinois State Police and all federal agencies. If the need for additional police officers arises, these agencies may be called for assistance.

When necessary, physical evidence is processed by the Illinois State Police Crime Laboratory or the FBI Laboratory Division. University Police regularly use the National Crime Information Center to assist in the investigation of criminal offenses, giving them access to more than 20 million files.

**Where to Get Information**

The Daily Logs are records of all the incidents that have occurred within the patrol jurisdiction of the Governors State University Police Department. The Daily Logs are kept in the dispatch area of the Office of Public Safety. Log entries for the most recent 60 days may be viewed by the general public, except when prohibited by law or when disclosure jeopardizes an investigation or the confidentiality of the victim. If a request is made to inspect entries in the Daily Logs that are more than 60 days old, these must be made available within two (2) business days of the request.

Crime statistics, as well as security policies and procedures reports, are available at the Department of Public Safety in the C Building, C1375. Special alert notifications are posted online at [http://www.govst.edu/](http://www.govst.edu/) and/or on University bulletin boards across the campus when the need arises.
University Police make a weekly check with the local police and receive all information concerning student criminal activity. This information, in addition to being retained by the Governors State University Police Department, is also provided to the dean of student conduct, who may subject the violator to university discipline procedures.

**Timely Warning Notice**
The Governors State University Police Department will inform the University police chief, the vice president for Administration and Finance and the vice president for Student Affairs about any criminal activity, whether it happens on campus or off, that may present a continuing threat, so that the campus community can take reasonable precautions. A TIMELY WARNING NOTICE will be issued via e-mail, posted on the University website (www.govst.edu) and also posted in all academic buildings and in the residence hall at the discretion of the chief of police.

**Reporting Crimes**
The University and the Governors State University Police Department strongly encourage faculty, staff, students and guests to report any illegal or suspicious activity in a timely manner to the University Police. Those incidents reported to pastoral or professional counselors are not included in campus crime statistics. However, reports of criminal activity that are brought to the attention of the Dean of Students, University Housing, any student organization or activity adviser, athletic coaches, intramural sport advisers or medical health professionals are required to be reported annually and, as such are brought to the attention of the University Police either by the victims or by the person receiving the report. Those who report criminal incidents to pastoral or professional counselors are encouraged to report the incident voluntarily to University Police on a confidential basis.

Providing safety and security is the primary responsibility of the Governors State University Police Department, and its main goal is to serve and protect the University community. However, the police department cannot achieve this goal alone. We need the cooperation of everyone in the community. As members of the University community, we all have a moral responsibility and a personal interest in the maintenance of a safe environment on campus. Taking responsibility and reporting crime and suspicious activities in a timely manner will be beneficial to you, the University, and the entire community.

**Possession and Use of Weapons**
The possession or carrying of any weapon by any person is prohibited in University academic buildings, administrative buildings, student residence building, dining
facilities, or while attending a sporting, entertainment, recreational or educational event on the University’s property. Entry upon University property in violation of this prohibition is expressly forbidden and will result in the individual(s) being directed to remove the weapon immediately from university property; or to have the weapon securely stored at the University Police station, per the procedures of the Handling and Storage of Firearms Policy. Failure to comply with this directive may result in further disciplinary actions for students or employees.

**Title IX and Sexual Misconduct**

Governors State University (GSU) has committed itself, unequivocally, to ensuring a working and learning environment in which the dignity of every individual is respected. GSU continues to provide an environment for employees, students, and campus visitors that is free from any form of sexual violence. Likewise, the University prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender in all University activities and programs. Any form of sexual harassment or discrimination is a violation of University Policy 78 and the Student Code of Conduct.

At GSU, we strive to comply with all applicable legal requirements prohibiting sexual violence against any member of the GSU community. In addition to facing University consequences, those who engage in acts of sexual violence may also be prosecuted criminally.

The information contained on this site will provide the necessary information to obtain needed resources and make a report of sexual violence.

In addition, the University will provide students, who take at least one class on campus, with prevention and awareness programming. On a yearly basis, all students will be provided with an electronic copy the GSU Title IX Policy and Procedure Manual. Employees of the university will also receive annual training regarding addressing sexual violence.

Students who experience any form of sexual violence or know someone that has, are encouraged to report it so that we can provide you with immediate assistance.

Students May Contact the Title IX Coordinator to report an incident:

Kaitlyn Wild, J.D., M.B.A.
Chief Diversity Officer
Title IX Coordinator
Members of the university community who may have experienced sexual misconduct have the right to choose whether or not to report the incident to the University or law enforcement, and, in most circumstances, have the right to choose whether or not to pursue a sexual misconduct complaint with the University once the University receives a report.

GSU encourages individuals to make a report of the incident(s) in a timely manner by contacting the Title IX Coordinator. There is no time limit for reporting prohibited conduct to
the University under this policy; however, a delay in reporting may hinder the University’s ability to respond.

**Employees of the university community who have information about sexual misconduct** are, in many cases, required to report information to the Title IX Coordinator.

- Responsible employees must immediately report allegations or disclosures of sexual misconduct involving students to the Title IX Office, including identification of persons reporting as victims and persons accused, along with other relevant information. Contact the Title IX Coordinator if you need assistance in determining whether you are a responsible employee with reporting obligations. The following staff are considered responsible employees who must report such allegation(s) to the Title IX Coordinator:
  - Faculty and teaching staff
  - Unit/department heads
  - Staff within the offices of University Housing, Student Affairs & Enrollment Management, Deans, and Associate Provosts, and other administrators.
  - If you are NOT a Responsible Employee, you may report an incident without disclosing anyone’s name or requesting any action. Please note that choosing to make an anonymous report can significantly limit the ability of the university to respond. This information will be used for statistical purposes as well as for enhancing understanding of our campus climate so that we may strengthen sexual misconduct response and prevention efforts.

Governors State University (GSU) will not tolerate sexual misconduct of its students or employees and will investigate all allegations of misconduct. Reports will be investigated promptly. As stated above, please retain any notes, pictures, or other documents that may relate to the complaint. Where sexual misconduct is found, steps will be taken to end it immediately.

- **Who can I speak to confidentially?**

Most university employees, unless specifically exempted, must immediately report allegations or disclosures of sexual misconduct to the Title IX Coordinator.

Students can speak confidentially to counselors and healthcare providers in the Health and Student Counseling Center.

Employees have access to the Employee Assistance Program & Counseling (EAP), which is a free and confidential resource.

**Confidential YWCA Rape Crisis Hotline**

Operating 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, the Rape Crisis Hotline provides survivors of
sexual assault/abuse and their significant others immediate support, crisis intervention and referrals for the city of Chicago and surrounding suburbs.

- Call **888-293-2080** in Chicago Metropolitan Area
- Call **630-971-3927** in DuPage County
- Call **708-748-5672** in the South Suburbs

**What is sexual misconduct?**

Sexual Misconduct includes, but is not limited to, sexual and gender-based harassment, Sexual Violence, Sexual Exploitation, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence and Stalking. Sexual Misconduct includes the full range of unlawful sex-based misconduct under Illinois and federal law, regardless of whether it is specifically defined in this policy.

**What is sexual harassment?**

Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination that violates Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitutes sexual harassment when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects an individual's employment, unreasonably interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive work or academic environment.

Sexual harassment can occur in a variety of circumstances, including but not limited to the following:

- The victim as well as the harasser may be a woman or a man. The victim does not have to be of the opposite sex.
- The harasser can be the victim's supervisor, an agent of the employer, a supervisor in another area, a co-worker, or a non-employee. A student can be harassed by teachers, other students, or anyone else with whom the student interacts while at school or while engaging in school-related activities.
- The victim does not have to be the person harassed but could be anyone affected by the offensive conduct.
- Unlawful sexual harassment may occur without economic injury to or discharge of the victim.
- Such conduct has the purpose or effect of interfering with the individual's work or educational performance; of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working and/or
learning environment; or of interfering with one’s ability to participate in or benefit from an education program or activity.

- The harasser’s conduct must be unwelcome.

Examples of sexual harassment:

- Pressure for sexual activity
- Requests for sexual favors
- Unwelcome patting, hugging or touching of a person’s body, hair or clothing, intentionally brushing up against someone
- Sexual innuendos, gestures, looks, jokes or comments
- Disparaging remarks to a person about their gender or body; claiming that a person is gay or lesbian
- Spreading sexual rumors about a person
- Displaying or transmitting sexually suggestive electronic content, including emails and texts
- Giving unwelcome personal gifts
- Sexual assault

What should I do if I am being sexually harassed?

- Sexual harassment which is ignored often escalates. It is helpful to directly inform the harasser that the conduct is unwelcome and must stop. Alert other people about the behavior. Doing this will provide you with support and can be important evidence later. Use any complaint mechanism or grievance system available and/or in place.
- Keep a detailed written record of the harassment. Record what happened, when, where, who else was present, and how you reacted. Save any notes, pictures, or other documents you receive from the harasser.
- Report the behavior. Contact the Title IX Coordinator to schedule an initial appointment to discuss your situation. We normally set aside an hour to speak with you. When you visit the Title IX Office, we will ask you to describe your situation and your view of what is going on, so that we can inform you of your options. No one will force you to take any action you do not want to take.

What is consent?

Consent is informed, freely given, and a mutually understood agreement to sexual activity. Consent requires an affirmative act or statement by each person; a person’s lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission resulting from the use or threat of force does not constitute consent.

- If coercion, intimidation, threats and/or physical force are used, there is no consent.
- If a person is under age, mentally or physically incapacitated or impaired so that the person cannot understand the fact, nature or extent of the sexual situation, there is no consent; this includes conditions due to alcohol or drug consumption or being asleep or unconscious.
• A person’s manner of dress does not constitute consent.
• A participant’s consent to past sexual activity does not constitute consent to future sexual activity, their consent to sexual activity with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another and consent may be withdrawn at any time.
• Whether one has taken advantage of a position of influence over another may be a factor in determining consent

More information on consent is available through the Counseling Center Website

What should I do if I am sexually assaulted?
If the incident(s) involve sexual assault or rape and you are seeking medical attention, you are encouraged to immediately contact Department of Public Safety (DPS) at (708) 534-4900 or dial 911.

About Medical Care after Sexual Assault:
Your physical and emotional safety are first and foremost. Make the choices that feel best for you.
Some medical concerns may not be immediately apparent, such as sexually transmitted infections (STIs), internal injuries and pregnancy. Even if you do not wish to have a doctor or nurse collect evidence for an investigation, seeking prompt medical evaluation may be beneficial. Some medications, such as emergency contraception, are most effective when administered as soon as possible. If you think that you may want to pursue criminal charges immediately or in the future, a forensic exam conducted soon after an assault may yield valuable evidence.

• How do I preserve evidence of a sexual assault?
• If you’re interested in having a forensic exam:
  • It’s best not to shower, bathe, wash your hands, eat, drink or brush your teeth.
  • If possible, place each item of clothing in a separate paper bag (no plastic).
  • Leave the area where the assault occurred undisturbed.

You can call 911 for a police response and accompaniment to medical care. Evidence collection is done in the county where the assault occurred, usually within the first 72 hours following an assault (the earlier, the better).

For more information on preserving evidence, please see the Rape Abuse Incest National Network (RAINN) http://www.rainn.org website regarding what to do in the aftermath of a sexual assault.

• How can I support someone else?
If someone you know within the GSU community has experienced sexual misconduct, we can help you help them. Sometimes, the most valuable advice comes from someone the individual already trusts. Whether you’re a friend, roommate, parent, or concerned member of our faculty or staff, we can point you to resources that you can share, as well as provide support for you through the process.

### Listen

- Confirm the person’s safety. Ask the person, “Are you safe right now?” If they say no, help them create a plan to get to a safe place. Call 911 if necessary.
- Provide nonjudgmental support. Your role is not to determine whether or not something occurred. Your primary responsibility is to remain supportive, while referring the person to others who are trained in providing assistance and/or intervening.

### Refer

- Help the person get medical care if needed.
- Help the person consider whether to make a report with the police or with the University.
- Direct the person to on-campus or off-campus confidential counseling and advocacy resources.
- Let the person know who at GSU they can contact to request protective measures and accommodations such as no-contact directives, housing relocation, adjustment of schedules, time off, etc.
- Offer resources and information without pressure or judgment about their decisions.
- If the person wants to seek medical attention or report the assault, offer to accompany them wherever they need to go (e.g., hospital, police station, campus security, etc.).

### Report (as required)

- If you are a responsible employee, inform the person of your obligation to report information to the university’s Title IX Coordinator.

Additional tips on supporting someone impacted by sexual violence are available through the [RAINN website](https://www.rainn.org).

- What if I’m not sure if my experience constitutes harassment?

If you believe you may have experienced harassment or assault, but are unsure of whether it was a violation of GSU sexual harassment policy, you should contact the Title IX Coordinator. It is imperative that all accounts of harassment are reported and investigated, in order to maintain the safety of the GSU community. The Title IX
Coordinator will help clearly define acts that constitute sexual misconduct, and provide information regarding options.

- What if other students discover I’ve filed a report?

Students who, in good faith, report what they believe to be sexual harassment, or who cooperate in any investigation, will not be subjected to retaliation. Any student who believes he or she has been the victim of retaliation for reporting sexual harassment or cooperating in an investigation should immediately contact the Title IX Coordinator.

- Will I be get in trouble if I was drinking or using drugs when the incident happened?

The University seeks to remove any barriers to reporting sexual misconduct. The University will generally offer any student, whether the Complainant or a third party, who reports sexual assault, sexual misconduct or relationship violence limited immunity from being charged for policy violations related to the personal use of alcohol or other drugs, provided that any such violations did not and do not place the health and safety of another person at risk. The University may choose, however, to pursue educational or therapeutic remedies for those individuals.

- Will the complaint remain confidential?

Before reporting, it is important to know that different people on campus have different reporting responsibilities and different abilities to maintain confidentiality, depending on their roles. We encourage you to contact the Title IX Coordinator because they are best equipped to help explain your options. Please know that if you contact the Title IX Coordinator only people that need to know will be told.

The University will make reasonable and appropriate efforts to preserve the Complainant’s and/or Respondent’s privacy and to protect the confidentiality of information. Should a Complainant request confidentiality, the Title IX Coordinator will inform the Complainant that the University’s ability to respond may therefore be limited.

- Will my parents be told?

No, not unless you tell them. Whether you are the complainant or the accused, the University’s primary relationship is to the student and not to the parent. However, in the event of major medical, disciplinary, or academic jeopardy, students are strongly encouraged to inform their parents. University officials will directly inform parents when
requested to do so by the student. The University also reserves the right to inform parents where permitted by FERPA, including in a life threatening situation.

- **Do I have to name the perpetrator?**

  While you are not required to name the perpetrator, the University still has an obligation to investigate. Without the name of the accused, the University is limited in its ability to respond to allegations, offer remedies for the complainant, and to sanction the accused. Sometimes victims are hesitant to report for fear of retaliation. GSU vigorously enforces a policy of no retaliation.

  **Do not** contact the alleged victim. If you have not already been contacted by the Title IX Officer, you may want to contact that office, which can explain the University’s procedures for addressing sexual misconduct complaints. You may also want to talk confidentially to a counselor or seek other community assistance.

- **Emergency/Crisis Resources**

  If you or someone you know has been a victim of sexual harassment and/or assault or other misconduct and are in need to of immediate help, please contact one of the following.

  Department of Public Safety (DPS)
  C-1375
  (Next door to Human Resources Dept.)
  24-Hour Number: *(708) 534-4900*

  Campus Emergencies
  Dial ext. 911 from any campus phone (not pay phones). Calls go directly to DPS dispatch.

  - Dial 911 on any cell or pay phone. Calls will go directly to University Park Police and DPS will also be notified.
  - From any campus emergency phones (located throughout campus buildings and in the parking areas), push the emergency button. Calls go directly to DPS.

  Community Resources

  **Franciscan Health Hospital**
  20201 Crawford Ave., Olympia Fields, IL 60461
  *(708) 747.4000*
YWCA South Suburban Center  
320 West 202nd St., Chicago Heights, Illinois 60411  
708.754.0486  

YWCA Rape Crisis Hotline  
Operating 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, the Rape Crisis Hotlines provides survivors of sexual assault/abuse and their significant others immediate support, crisis intervention and referrals for the city of Chicago and surrounding suburbs.

- Call 888-293-2080 in Chicago Metropolitan Area  
- Call 630-971-3927 in DuPage County  
- Call 708-748-5672 in the South Suburbs

National Hotlines for Sexual Assault Survivors

- National Sexual Assault Hotline 1-800-656-HOPE  
- National Sexual Assault Online Chat: https://ohl.rainn.org/online  
  - For More Information and Resource Links

If you would like more information about Title IX and the various acts that are relevant to Title IX, we encourage you to visit any of the sites provided below. We have also provided a site to assist you in supporting a survivor. If you have questions, please feel free to email TitleIXOfficer@govst.edu and we will be more than happy to assist you.
Know Your IX is a campaign that aims to educate all college students in the U.S. about their rights under Title IX. Founded in 2013, Know Your IX is a national survivor-run, student-driven campaign to end campus sexual violence. For more information on your Title IX rights or to learn more about Know Your IX please visit their website here.

Additional Primary Prevention Requirements

**Definitions of consent and retaliation**

**Consent** is informed, freely given, and a mutually understood agreement to sexual activity. Consent requires an affirmative act or statement by each person; a person’s lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission resulting from the use or threat of force does not constitute consent. If coercion, intimidation, threats and/or physical force are used, there is no consent. If a person is under age, mentally or physically incapacitated or impaired so that the person cannot understand the fact, nature or extent of the sexual situation, there is no consent; this includes conditions due to alcohol or drug consumption or being asleep or unconscious. A person’s manner of dress does not constitute consent. A participant’s consent to past sexual activity does not constitute consent to future sexual activity, their consent to sexual activity with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another and consent may be withdrawn at any time. Whether one has taken advantage of a position of influence over another may be a factor in determining consent.

**Retaliation** it is a violation of the Governors State University Policy 52 to retaliate against any person making a complaint of prohibited conduct or against any person participating in the investigation of any such allegation. Retaliation should be reported promptly to the Title IX Coordinator. Retaliation is grounds for University disciplinary action.

Complainants and their supporters have the unfettered right to be free from retaliation. Retaliation is defined as any adverse reaction taken against a person for alleging any form of prohibited conduct, supporting a party bringing a grievance, or for assisting in providing information relevant to a claim of prohibited conduct and will be investigated immediately and adjudicated separately. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to intimidation, threats or menacing behavior, coercion, or discriminatory actions. Retaliation is a serious violation and may result in immediate removal from the University.
Options for reporting to law enforcement and/or the institution either with or without confidentiality

To report a Title IX concern of Prohibited Conduct, please contact GSU’s Title IX Officer: Kaitlyn Wild at Title IX Coordinator or call the Title IX phone line at (708) 534-4846. Complaints may also be submitted electronically by visiting http://www.govst.edu/TitleIX/. Electronic submissions may also be done anonymously, may be done by third parties or bystanders.

There is no time limit for reporting Prohibited conduct to the University under this policy; however, a delay in reporting may hinder the University’s ability to respond, as evidence may erode, memories of incident may face and Respondents may no longer be a member of the University community.

Any GSU student who believes he/she has been subjected to Prohibited Conduct is encouraged to report such concern and may request that an investigation be conducted. Except for University-recognized confidential resources, the following University staff members with knowledge of unreported prohibited conduct (or potentially prohibited conduct) are considered Responsible Employees and must report such allegation(s) to the Title IX Coordinator:

- Faculty and teaching staff
- Unit/department heads
- Staff within the offices of Residence Housing, Student Affairs, Enrollment, Deans, and Associate Provosts, and other administrators.
- Additionally, any person with knowledge of prohibited conduct is obligated to report the concern to the Title IX Coordinator.

The University will not pursue disciplinary action against students for disclosure of illegal personal consumption of drugs or alcohol where such disclosures are made in good faith regarding a report or investigation of Prohibited Conduct.

In addition, students who wish to have their case handled criminally should contact the Governors State University Department of Public Safety 708-534-4900 or the University Park Police Department 708-534-0913.

Information about confidential reporting and the services available to student survivors

The University will make reasonable and appropriate efforts to preserve the Complainant’s and/or Respondent’s privacy and to protect the confidentiality of information. Should an Complainant request confidentiality, the Title IX Coordinator will inform the Complainant that
the University’s ability to respond may therefore be limited – but that where feasible, the University will take reasonable steps to prevent Prohibited Conduct and limit its effects.

The Title IX Coordinator will further inform the Complainant that it is not possible to provide confidentiality in all cases and that the University’s decision to share information with others is subject to the balancing test described below in Section VI. In summary, although the University’s goal is to limit the number of individuals who may learn about an allegation of Prohibited Conduct or an investigation, the University cannot guarantee confidentiality in all matters.

Strategies for bystander intervention/risk reduction

Risk reduction tips can often take a victim-blaming tone, even unintentionally. With no intention to victim-blame, and with recognition that only those who commit sexual violence are responsible for those actions, these suggestions may nevertheless help you to reduce your risk of experiencing a non-consensual sexual act.

These suggestions to avoid committing a non-consensual sexual act are also offered:

- If you have limits, make them known as early as possible.
- Tell a sexual aggressor “NO” clearly and firmly.
- Try to remove yourself from the physical presence of a sexual aggressor.
- Find someone nearby and ask for help.
- Take affirmative responsibility for your alcohol intake/drug use and acknowledge that alcohol/drugs lower your sexual inhibitions and may make you vulnerable to someone who views a drunk or high person as a sexual opportunity.
- Take care of your friends and ask that they take care of you. A real friend will challenge you if you about to make a mistake. Respect them when they do.

If you find yourself in the position of being the initiator of sexual behavior, you owe sexual respect to your potential partner.

These suggestions may help you to reduce your risk for being accused of sexual misconduct:

- Clearly communicate your intentions to your sexual partner and give them a chance to clearly relate their intentions to you.
- Understand and respect personal boundaries.
- DON’T MAKE ASSUMPTIONS about consent; about someone’s sexual availability; about whether they are attracted to you; about how far you can go or about whether they are physically and/or mentally able to consent. If there are any questions or ambiguity then you DO NOT have consent.
• Mixed messages from your partner are a clear indication that you should stop, defuse any sexual tension and communicate better. You may be misreading them. They may not have figured out how far they want to go with you yet. You must respect the timeline for sexual behaviors with which they are comfortable.
• Don’t take advantage of someone’s drunkenness or drugged state, even if they did it to themselves.
• Realize that your potential partner could be intimidated by you, or fearful. You may have a power advantage simply because of your gender or size. Don’t abuse that power.
• Understand that consent to some form of sexual behavior does not automatically imply consent to any other forms of sexual behavior.
• Silence and passivity cannot be interpreted as an indication of consent. Read your potential partner carefully, paying attention to verbal and non-verbal communication and body language.

And most importantly, as a bystander you have the ability to intervene and help prevent Prohibited Conduct, if you see something that doesn’t look right…speak up! Get help…dial 911.

Training Information

Annual training requirements include:

1. Survivor-centered, trauma-informed training
2. Ability to understand policy
3. Relevant state and federal laws
4. Roles of responding entities
5. Effects on survivor
6. Types of prohibited conduct
7. Consent
8. Role of alcohol and drugs
9. Bystander Intervention

ASAP Sexual Assault Prevention

Advocating for Sexual Assault Prevention (ASAP)

The YWCA South Suburban Center provides affordable and confidential services for survivors of sexual assault and abuse. The rape crisis hotline (708.748.5672) is available 24 hours, 7 days a week for free, confidential crisis intervention and referral services. For more information on the YWCA visit their website by clicking here.
Members of the University community who may have experienced sexual misconduct have the right to choose whether or not to report the incident to the University or law enforcement, and, in most circumstances, have the right to choose whether or not to pursue a sexual misconduct complaint with the University once the University receives a report.

**For more information about Title IX, [Click here](#).**

Know Your IX is a campaign that aims to educate all college students in the U.S. about their rights under Title IX. Founded in 2013, Know Your IX is a national survivor-run, student-driven campaign to end campus sexual violence. For more information on your Title IX rights or to learn more about Know Your IX please visit their website [here](#).

Individuals impacted by domestic violence can, [Click here](#) for resources.

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**Faculty/Staff Services**

[Frequently Asked Questions for Faculty/Staff](#)

[Click here](#) for information on how to get Health Insurance through the state's official health marketplace.

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**Staying healthy is important to your academic success.**

To help you stay on top of your game, be sure to take advantage of GSU’s [fitness facilities](#) and [counseling services](#).
Location: A-1120

Health Center Phone: 708.235.2114

To schedule an appointment, click here

UPDATE: BEFORE your immunization appointment, visit the Immunization Records Office, located in the Registrar’s Office, C-1300 and bring a copy of your immunization records.

Clinic Hours:

- Monday’s - Thursday’s, 9:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
- Friday’s 9:00 a. m. - 12:30 p.m.

Summer Clinic Hours:

- Monday’s - Thursday’s, 9 a.m. - 2 p.m.
- Friday’s 9:00 a. m. - noon

Please note: A medical provider will see students without an appointment if space is available in the schedule.

As part of your Student Health Fees, the following services are available to enrolled students:

- Minor Illnesses: Coughs, Colds, Nausea, Ear Aches, Sinus Infections, Fevers, Urinary Tract Infections
- Minor Injuries: Abrasions, Sprains, Splinters, Steri-Strip Removal, Minor Burns
• **Required immunizations** for full compliance with the College Student Immunization Act [110 ILCS 20]

• Diagnostic Testing: Strep, Influenza (Flu)

• Skin Conditions: Rashes, Bites

• Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD)/Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) screenings

• Condition Consultation & Education: Diabetes, High Cholesterol, Weight Issues, High Blood Pressure, etc.

• Basic Physicals and Sports Physicals

• Women’s Health Screenings

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*Please bring your insurance card with you to the appointment.*  
*This information will assist the Advocate staff with your care if you need a referral or if you need services beyond what is included in the student health fee. Students who are not insured or who do not have their insurance card with them on the day of service may still use the Health Center.*

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**Counseling Center**

The mission of the Counseling & Wellness Center (CWC) believes in striving for overall wellness education of the GSU community. Every day we respect the dignity of every individual, group, and community in which we support. Our center promotes and advocates for holistic healing, academic, and professional achievement by collaborating with campus and community partners and providing services to reduce systemic barriers that often stand in the way of success.

To request an appointment, call 708.235.7334, walk-in, or [Click Here](#)

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• **SERVICES OFFERED**

• **EMERGENCY NUMBERS**
• **HELPFUL RESOURCES**
  **SERVICES OFFERED**

*All services are **FREE** and confidential to enrolled GSU students*

- Individual Counseling
- Counselor-in-Residence (CIR) program
- Group Counseling
- Assessments
- Crisis Services
- Consultation
- Advocacy Services
- Outreach Presentations

For information about advising: [Click Here](#)

The GSU Student Counseling Center is a therapy practicum training site for Masters and Doctoral level trainees. This site follows the Association of Chicagoland Externship and Practicum Training (ACCEPT) procedures for recruitment and selection of counseling interns. Please visit the ACCEPT website for more information: [www.ceptchicago.org/](http://www.ceptchicago.org/)

[Click here](#) to learn more and contact us for an appointment.
Counseling & Wellness Center

Governors State University (GSU) has partnered with Advocate Health Care to offer the first Health Center in the university’s history. The Health Center along with the Student Counseling Center are, located in A-1120. The Counseling & Wellness Center provides medical and counseling services, advocacy support, and health promotion to the GSU community to support their psychological and physical health, and well-being needs.

Our medical and behavioral health teams work with you as partners by providing confidential, compassionate and high quality care. The center is staffed by a diverse and collaborative team comprised of a licensed psychologist, professional counselors, doctoral interns, certified family nurse practitioner, certified medical assistant, and support staff.

Visit the Registrar's Office, before you schedule an immunization appointment!!!

The Registrar's Office is located in, C-1300.

To schedule an appointment with the Health Center, please Click Here

For information about the Health Center: Click here

For information about the Counseling Center: Click here

All incoming and current GSU students can schedule appointments through the Health Center for immunizations.

Immunization

Learn more about the immunization policy here.
ASAP Sexual Assault Prevention

Advocating for Sexual Assault Prevention (ASAP)

The YWCA South Suburban Center provides affordable and confidential services for survivors of sexual assault and abuse. The rape crisis hotline (708.748.5672) is available 24 hours, 7 days a week for free, confidential crisis intervention and referral services. For more information on the YWCA visit their website by clicking here.

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Individuals impacted by domestic violence can, Click here for resources

Faculty/Staff Services

Frequently Asked Questions for Faculty/Staff

Click here for information on how to get Health Insurance through the state’s official health marketplace.
The CARE Program (Formerly known as the Student Concerns Program)

The CARE Program (Formerly known as the Student Concerns Program) is designed to ensure timely outreach to students that are believed to be in distress or acting in a manner of concern, and connect them to resources best suited to address the conveyed concern. Since members of the campus community play a key role in identifying students who are in distress, the CARE Program depends on referrals that identify students who might benefit from proactive outreach and assistance.

Any member of the campus community is encouraged to report behaviors or concerns of any GSU student by using the online reporting form to identify students and describe their area(s) of concern.

Student concerns can include, but are not limited to academic, physical or emotional concerns such as:

- public outburst
- sporadic attendance at classes
- disruptive classroom behavior
- distressed writing in assignments or
- changes in behavior, appearance or personal habits

A more detailed list of concerns can be found below.

Completed reports will be directed to the Office of the Dean of Students which will identify resources and personnel best suited to address the concern articulated by faculty and staff. Reports will be tracked for themes, repetition, and increased concern(s) to evaluate student and university trends.

Important Note:

Submissions to CARE Program differ from those intended for the Campus Threat Assessment Team (CTAT) because they are early alerts of student concern intended to direct intervention to students in distress, not behavior significant enough to be a threat to the safety and well-being of others. CARE Program coordinates a proactive effort to prevent and/or manage the situation.

**CARE Program is NOT for emergencies; if there is an emergency, call the Department of Public Safety at 708.534.4900 or dial 911.**
**Campus Threat Assessment Team**

In an effort to promote a safe and secure learning and work environment, a campus threat assessment team (C.T.A.T.) has been created to discuss issues relating to violence, security and potential threats directed at the University’s students, faculty or staff. This team meets regularly and provides a structured way to share information regarding potential acts of violence that also allows for intervention.

**Reasons for a C.T.A.T. Referral**

- Self-injurious behavior/suicidal ideation or attempt.
- Behaviors include, but are not limited to, suicidal thoughts or action.
- Erratic behavior (including online activities) that disrupts the mission and/or normal proceedings of University students, faculty, staff or community.
- Behaviors include, but are not limited to: weapons on and off campus, significant inappropriate disruption to community, potential for safety being compromised.
- Involuntary transportation to the hospital for alcohol and drug use/abuse.

**Key Objectives**

Identify — often, the accumulation of information identifies a person who poses a threat and helps to identify the level of that threat; therefore, the team ensures appropriate information exchange.

Assess — if additional information is needed to assess the level of risk, the team functions as an investigative body charged with gathering relevant and confidential information for the purposes of providing for the safety, security and well-being of the person at risk and the campus community at large.

Manage — when a determination is made that the person in question is at risk or poses a risk to others, the team recommends and/or implements steps for intervention, which may be medical, psychological, judicial or legal. In many cases, the standing policies and procedures of the University and external agencies dictate the intervention strategies.

Reduce — Violence prevention is best accomplished by stopping the process before it gets started. Addressing minor violations of University policy lowers the risk of aggressive responses and increases the possibility of peaceful solutions.

Educate — the campus community must be educated so that it can identify and refer students, staff and faculty at risk for posing a danger to the University community. In addition, the team must seek educational and professional development opportunities to maintain a knowledge base of risk indicators and appropriate laws and policies regarding privacy and confidentiality, proper
management of information, educated assessment of risk, and intervention services.

**Why the Team Is Necessary**

Universities must establish a formal process of sharing information about potential acts of violence. Reviews of the Virginia Tech incident of April 16, 2007, indicate that while some faculty and staff members at Virginia Tech had grave concerns about the student shooter, there was no vehicle for forwarding those concerns to school officials who may have been able to intervene to avoid the tragedy. Often, no single piece of information is enough to prevent a tragedy; however, the accumulation of information helps to identify a person at risk, allowing for intervention and prevention. The threat response, assessment and intervention team serves as the conduit for information flow.

Creation of the team is a proactive way to coordinate and plan an appropriate approach to deal with the complexities often involved with threats and violence. Key objectives of the team are to identify, assess, manage and reduce potential threats to the University community and to educate faculty, staff and students about the dangers of interpersonal violence.

Inherent to the work of this team are concerns about the privacy of all involved. The team members are extremely sensitive to these concerns and will ensure that the highest standards of confidentiality are upheld.

No committee can completely protect the University community from every act of violence. The creation of this team, however, increases the likelihood that potential violence can be identified so that reasonable steps can be taken to avoid it.

**Registered Sex Offenders**

**Megan’s Law**

In compliance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act found in 42 USC 1407(j) of the Wetterling Act, which states that the University must advise the campus community where the registered sex offenders list may be obtained, the Megan’s Law Statute and History may be found at the following website: [https://smart.ojp.gov/sorna/current-law/legislative-history](https://smart.ojp.gov/sorna/current-law/legislative-history). A copy of the registered sex offender list can be obtained in The Office of Public Safety, C-Building Room C1375 or call 708.534.4900.

Registered Sex Offenders additional resources:

- Illinois State Police Sex Offender Registry Database: [https://isp.illinois.gov/Sor](https://isp.illinois.gov/Sor)
Suzanne’s Law
Suzanne’s Law requires that law enforcement notify the National Crime Information Center when someone between the ages of 18 and 21 is reported missing. This mandate was signed into law by President George W. Bush as part of the “Amber Alert” bill. The law was named after Suzanne Lyall, a State University of New York at Albany student who has been missing since 1998. Governors State University has adopted procedures to comply with these provisions.

Missing Persons
Reports of Missing Persons (adults or juvenile) should be made to the Governors State University Police Department at 708-534-4900. The Governors State University Police Department shall initiate a missing person investigation immediately, and for adults between the ages of 18 and 21 years of age that information shall be entered into NCIC and LEADS as soon as practical. Each student living on campus in student housing has the option to register a confidential contact person with the University, and in the event a student is determined to be missing, authorized campus officials or the University Police may have access to that information for investigative purposes. If a student has not registered a confidential contact person, the University Police will contact the appropriate local law enforcement agency for continuity and safety concerns. All official missing student reports must be immediately referred to the University Police department for investigation or referral to the appropriate local law enforcement agency.

Alcohol and Other Drugs
The health and well-being of GSU students, faculty, and staff are critical components of the overall health of our university community. Consequently,
Governors State University seeks to maintain a campus environment that is free from the illegal use of alcohol and other drugs. Consistent with its mission as a public institution of higher education, the university is committed to educating the students, faculty, and staff on the dangers of alcohol and drug abuse, and to establishing standards of conduct that maintain a campus environment in which such abuse is prohibited. These standards are following the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 and the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Act of 1989.

In compliance with the DFSCA, the Counseling and Wellness Center authors a biennial report of institutional policies and practices that includes the effectiveness and the consistency of the enforcement of sanctions. The biennial report is published each Fall in even-numbered years and focuses on the previous two academic years (i.e., 2018-19 and 2019-20).

GSU students should comply with local, state, and federal laws related to the use of drugs, alcohol, and crimes of violence. The Student Code of Conduct details expectations for students’ behavior regarding alcohol and drugs as well as possible sanctions for violations of these policies, which include disciplinary sanctions and educational programs.

RECREATIONAL CANNABIS

Recreational cannabis, while legal in Illinois, is not legal under federal law. Possession, use, manufacture, distribution, or sale of any controlled substance, including cannabis, or drug paraphernalia is prohibited on university property and at any university-sponsored activity. There are no medical exemptions regarding cannabis use on campus.

HEALTH RISKS

The abuse or illegal use of alcohol and the illegal use of controlled substances can seriously injure the health of employees and students, adversely impair the performance of their duties and their academic achievements, and endanger the safety and well-being of fellow employees, students, and others.

Substance abuse may involve not only controlled substances and illegal drugs but also alcohol and other substances that pose a health risk. When drugs are combined, their negative effects on the mind and body are often multiplied beyond the effects of the same drugs taken singly, which can be deadly.

SUPPORT SERVICES

The Counseling & Wellness Center provides counseling and substance use assessments designed to assist students in examining their use of alcohol and/or other drugs in a judgment-free and confidential environment.
An assessment will provide students with a structured opportunity to assess their own risk, identify potential changes that could work for them, and help them to reduce their risk for developing future problems. Students may also be referred to appropriate community treatment programs for a more in-depth assessment and treatment if required. Certain alcohol, drug, and/or violent crimes may be referred to public safety.

**Illegal Drugs**
Governors State University does not permit the use or possession of controlled substances on campus. The University enforces all state and federal laws concerning illegal drugs. Anyone who is apprehended by Governors State University Police while in possession of, using, or offering for sale or selling illegal drugs is subject to arrest and referral to The Office of Community Standards and Student Advocacy.

**If you have a problem...**
The University offers programs for drug and alcohol education. It provides programs that include counseling, education, self-development, substance-free activities and support groups. It also provides an assessment and intervention component designed to assist those who may be harmful to themselves because of alcohol or drug abuse. Staff there will provide referrals and information on other resources and organizations.

**GSU Student Counseling Center**

Do you need to contact us right away? You can call us at: 708.235.7334 or email us at: studentcounseling@govst.edu.

> Take an assessment test now.

Hours of Operation

**Room A1120**
Monday-Thursday 9:00am-7:00pm
Friday 9:00am-5:00pm
*Summer hours Monday-Thursday 9:00am-5:00pm
After 5:00pm appointments may be available upon request.

Not a GSU student but still interested in counseling services?

Free counseling is available for those who are not currently enrolled GSU students through the University Counseling Lab. For more information, call 708.534.4545 or click here.

Reasons students use The GSU Counseling Center

- Anxiety or stress resulting from academics, coursework, and grades
- Adjusting to social life at college
- Feeling disconnected from support systems at home
- Difficulties communicating with professors, making friends, and developing a support system at college
- Difficulties in relationships with roommates, friends, or partners
- Balancing multiple demands (academic, relationships, and finances)
- Feeling unmotivated or depressed
- Loss of a loved one
- Dating violence or sexual assault
- Other concerns resulting from personal issues

Some concerns students discuss in counseling

- Feeling stressed or overwhelmed
- Difficulties concentrating, feeling confused
- Feeling less self-confident or less sure of your abilities
- Loneliness, homesickness, feeling like you "don't belong"
- Problems communicating with others
- Difficulty managing school and life stress
- Uncertainty about the future
• Feeling sad, angry, anxious or depressed
• Relationship difficulties

Resources:
Know someone in distress? The Counseling Center has created a quick reference guide for all who interact with students. This handbook is an introductory tool to provide support and information to assist faculty and staff to decide if, when, and how to intervene with a student in apparent distress. The following link will take you to the e-book version of the Helping Students in Distress Handbook.

Have a question about relationships, sexuality, sexual health, emotional health, fitness, nutrition, alcohol, nicotine or other drugs? Go Ask Alice! This is a health Q&A Internet resource. It provides readers with reliable, accurate, accessible, culturally competent information and a range of thoughtful perspectives so that they can make responsible decisions concerning their health and well-being. Information provided by Go Ask Alice! Is not medical advice and not meant to replace consultation with a health care professional. 
Go Ask Alice- www.goaskalice.columbia.edu

ULifeline is your online resources for college mental health. It is an anonymous, confidential, online resource center, where you can be comfortable searching for the information you need regarding emotional health. Please visit the ULifeline website to find facts on emotional health and wellness, learn how to help a friend in need, or even complete anonymous self-evaluations by clicking here.

The YWCA South Suburban Center provides affordable and confidential services for survivors of sexual assault and abuse. The rape crisis hotline (708.748.5672) is available 24 hours, 7 days a week for free, confidential crisis intervention and referral services. For more information on the YWCA visit their website by clicking here.

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For resources on all things related to mental health check out Psych Central http://psychcentral.com/
Learn the signs and symptoms of depression, anxiety, eating disorders and others — and find resources that lead to a happier and healthier college career. **Top Five Mental Health Problems Facing College Students** - [http://www.bestcolleges.com/resources/top-5-mental-health-problems-facing-college-students/](http://www.bestcolleges.com/resources/top-5-mental-health-problems-facing-college-students/)

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**Services Offered at the Student Counseling Center**

The Counseling Center offers a variety of services to GSU students. All services are at no additional cost to you (your student fees cover the cost of counseling) and all counseling and consultation services are confidential. [Click here for more information.](#)

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**Outreach schedule and Information**

Check out the scheduled group counseling sessions and outreach events provided by the Student Counseling Center [by clicking here.](#)

[Click here for further info](#) on how to schedule an outreach appointment with us.

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**About Us**
Meet the staff for GSU’s Counseling Center and see what difference we can make for you.

If you need to talk to someone right away you can call us at 708.235.7334 or email us.

Consent is Sexy!

Consent is really about communication. It starts with getting to know each other. It’s important to learn more about preventing sexual assault but more importantly how to ask yourself the right questions so that you know how to express yourself at your choosing.

Stress Less!

Stress is an everyday situation that we can handle at most times. But what happens when it gets too much? Click here for some stress management information and how you can manage stress in your life.

Why Is Suicide So Common Among College Students?
College is a time of significant transition that comes with uncertainty, sometimes confusion and fear. Click here on how to find resources to find someone to talk to and help support for you or for someone you know.

**Residence Hall Safety**  
**Help Us Keep You Safe**

Governors State University maintains one co-ed residence hall on campus. Each floor has one student staff member in residence who is responsible for monitoring activity, advising and assisting students, and building community. The residence hall has an emergency telephone located at the front of the building and on each floor.

Every effort is made to ensure the safety of campus residents. In order to enter the residence hall, a student must swipe his/her myONECARD at the entry doors. In the residence hall, exit doors are equipped with self-contained alarms. In addition, digital video cameras record activity at all building exits, and other public areas.

Student Safety is our primary concern. Prairie Place has a number of policies and procedures in place to enhance the security of our residents.

Prairie Place will be staffed by trained professionals and para-professionals available to respond to students’ needs.

Fire safety is of paramount importance. Fire extinguishers are placed strategically throughout the building; the building is fully sprinklered and smoke detectors are installed in the sleeping rooms and hallways throughout the building. There are policies in place addressing permitted and prohibited appliances, electrical cords, etc.

Security cameras and emergency telephones are located in and around Prairie Place. In the event of a campus or building emergency, students will receive messages through the Emergency Notification System. The system will use students' current directory information to alert them of any emergency.

Office hours for residence hall directors (RAs) and on-call schedules for resident assistants/graduate assistants are posted in the residence hall.

**Contact Information**

**Auxiliary Services & University Housing**
Governors State University  
1 University Parkway - Room C1330  
University Park, IL 60484
Important rules and regulations about living in Prairie Place

Please make time to review this page and the 2022-2023 University Housing Handbook prior to submitting a housing application. The Handbook contains important information about living in University Housing. Below is information about some of the key rules and regulations that will be in effect in the Prairie Place community:

**Smoke-free Campus** - The possession or consumption of drugs by residents and their guests in University Housing facilities is prohibited. Alcoholic beverages in University Housing are allowed only to persons 21 years of age or older, and may be possessed, stored, or consumed in the following locations only:

- In his or her contractually assigned bedroom in a non-visible enclosure (e.g. mini fridge, trunk, wardrobe) if the student shares a room/living area with a resident under 21, OR
- In the common area(s) within his/her contractually assigned apartment where all individuals sharing the space are over 21.

**Exterior Lighting and Vegetation**
Governors State University maintains a strong commitment to campus safety and security. Exterior lighting is an important part of this commitment. Parking areas, pedestrian walkways and building exteriors are well lighted. Surveys of exterior lighting on campus are conducted by University police officers on a regular basis, and the Facilities Management Department gives high priority to maintenance of
exterior lights that need to be replaced. Members of the GSU community are encouraged to report any exterior lighting deficiencies to University Police.

Police and the Facilities Management Department also monitor the growth of vegetation on campus. If any member of the campus community believes that the height of vegetation may cause a hazard, he/she is encouraged to report it to either University Police or Facilities Management.

Access to University Facilities
Most University buildings and facilities, other than residence housing, are accessible to members of the University community, their guests and visitors during normal hours of business, during designated hours on weekends and holidays, and at other times when University events and activities may be taking place outside normal business hours.

Academic, administrative and recreational buildings are locked each night at the conclusion of activities and classes. Unauthorized individuals are not permitted to be inside the buildings during these times. Individuals who need to enter after hours may request special access from the Governors State University Police Department. University Police maintains a list of individuals who receive permission to be admitted after hours. Proper identification must be presented to the University Police Department for admittance to closed buildings.

The Governors State University Police Department has adopted a Community-Oriented Policing approach in all campus buildings on all shifts to provide high officer visibility and access. These regular foot patrols act as a deterrent to criminal activity and enable students, staff and visitors to get to know the officers.

Crime Statistics Report 2019 through 2021
Governors State University is committed to providing a safe and secure educational environment for student and employees. Criminal activity exists throughout our society, and college campuses are not exempt from crime. However, in order to maximize security and minimize the opportunity for criminal activity to occur, a number of services and programs have been implemented at Governors State University. All members of the University community share in the responsibility for reporting crime and for taking precautions to discourage its potential.

The following statistics are provided in compliance with Act 1988-73, the College and University Security Information Act, the Student Right-to-Know and Campus Security Act of 1990, and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Statistics Act of 1998.
The figures represent the calendar years of 2019, 2020 and 2021. Brief definitions of some of the crimes categories that may not be self-explanatory are provided in the definitions below. Questions regarding this report may be addressed to the Governors State University Police Department at 708-534-4900.

The following definitions for murder, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, weapons law violations, drug abuse violations and liquor law violations are provided from the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook, in accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The definitions of forcible and non-forcible sex offenses are from the National Incident–Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook, in accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

**Arson**

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

**Criminal Homicide – Manslaughter by Negligence**

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

**Criminal Homicide – Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter**

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

**Robbery**

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or violence and/or putting the victim in fear.

**Aggravated Assault**

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury.

This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of weapons or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (If necessary, that injury results from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)
Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes, the definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony, breaking and entering with the intent to commit larceny, housebreaking, safecracking, and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. All cases where automobiles are taken by a person not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding, are included in this definition.

Weapons Law Violations

The violations of laws or ordinances dealing with weapons offences, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations

Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine), marijuana, synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone), and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing or possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking in a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition).

Sex offenses — Forcible

Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against the person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
Forcible Rape — The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against the person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity or because of his/her youth.

Forcible Sodomy — Oral or anal intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault With an Object — The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because his/her temporary permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Fondling — The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sex Offenses — Non-Forcible

Incest — Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape — Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Domestic Violence— (1) Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed— (i) By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; (ii) By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; (iii) By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; (iv) By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or (v) By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence—Violence committed by a person (1) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and (2) the existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition— (i) Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual
or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. (ii) Dating Violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

**Stalking**-(1) Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to- (i) fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others; or (ii) suffer substantial emotional distress. (2) For the purposes of this definition- (i) course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person’s property. (ii) Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim. (iii) Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but may not necessarily; require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
## CRIME STATISTICS

### CRIMINAL OFFENSES - Reported by Hierarchy

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## Crime Statistics

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</table>

[Crime Prevention and Safety Tips Booklet (click link to download a copy)](link)

[Safety Booklet (click link to download a copy)](link)
EMERGENCY RESPONSE
911

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
708.534.4900

FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT & MANAGEMENT
708.534.4515

An electronic copy of this booklet and other emergency information are located at www.govst.edu/emergency/
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INTRODUCTION

It is important that Governors State University employees and students are prepared in the event of an emergency. Please read this booklet and familiarize yourself with the established procedures should an emergency occur at GSU. The objective of this booklet is to ensure that all employees and students are aware of established emergency plans and are able to respond, evacuate or proceed to a designated shelter area in a quick, orderly fashion.

BE PREPARED

Be aware of the locations of the nearest emergency exits, shelter areas, fire extinguishers, etc., and familiarize yourself with the emergency procedures and building evacuation diagrams posted throughout campus in corridors and common areas. Red emergency phones located throughout campus provide a direct line to the Department of Public Safety, as do the blue-light emergency call boxes located in the main parking lots (East Lots 1, 2, and 3, and West Lots 1 and 2), as well as the emergency call boxes located just outside the entrances of Buildings A, B, C, D, E and F.

EVACUATION GUIDELINES

• Listen to and obey all audible warnings and directions given by Department of Public Safety (DPS) personnel or designated authority.

• Do not use elevators. Exit to the nearest designated emergency exit stairwell. Be aware of alternate stairwells if the nearest one is blocked.

• Do not run or panic.

• Alternate individual entry into the flow of traffic at stairwell entry points. Do not push or shove.

• Use the handrail in the stairwell, keep to the right, and move in a single file line.

• Use red emergency phones located in stairwells and throughout campus if medical aid or assistance is required. Be prepared to give your location and the nature of the problem.

• Exit the building and proceed to a staging area outside, away from the building. Do not obstruct roadways or the movement of emergency personnel. Remain in the staging area until notified by DPS personnel or other designated authority.
GUIDELINES TO PROCEED TO DESIGNATED SHELTER AREA

- In the event of a severe weather emergency, proceed to the nearest designated shelter area. The best protection is offered inside a sturdy building on the lowest floor, away from windows. Place as many barriers between yourself and the outdoor environment. In the GSU main building, there are concrete ‘cores’ which usually contain restrooms. These rooms offer better protection than most areas.
- Listen to and obey all audible warnings and directions given by DPS personnel or designated authority.
- Be aware of alternate stairwells if the nearest one is blocked.
- Do not run or panic and do not use elevators.
- Alternate individual entry into the flow of traffic. Do not push or shove.
- Use the handrail in the stairwell, keep to the right, and move in a single file line.
- Use red emergency phones located in stairwells and throughout campus if medical aid or assistance is required.
- Proceed to designated shelter areas. Remain in the areas until notified by DPS personnel or designated authority.

STAGING AREA FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (AREAS OF RESCUE)

- Persons with disabilities requiring assistance should move to the nearest Area of Rescue assistance. These are areas having direct access to an exit, where people who areunable to use stairs may remain temporarily in safety to await further instructions or assistance. Examples of these areas are the stair silos located along the perimeter of the main building.
- Faculty and staff are asked to assist persons with disabilities during an emergency to an Area of Rescue assistance. It is suggested that that a person who has a mobility impairment prepare for an emergency ahead of time by familiarizing themselves with the nearest Areas of Rescue and by informing faculty or staff on how to assist in case of an evacuation.
- Once in an Area of Rescue, call 911 (or use the red emergency phone) immediately and provide your exact location, including wing/room number or present location. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

ACTIVE SHOOTER
• Evacuate the area or building if it is safe to do so:
  • Have an escape route in mind.
  • Leave your belongings behind.
  • Keep your hands visible.

• If it is not safe to evacuate, hide out:
  • Hide in an area out of the perpetrator’s view.
  • Block entry to your hiding place and lock or barricade doors. Do NOT OPEN DOORS until a known law enforcement officer advises it is safe.
  • Turn off the lights and monitors and silence your cell phone.

• Stay focused on survival and keep others focused also.

• Call 911 immediately or as soon as possible and provide as much information as possible (description, location, number of perpetrators, etc.) including your exact location, building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.

• When police arrive, remain calm and follow directions. Keep your hands visible at all times, and avoid quick movements, pointing, screaming and yelling.

AIRPLANE CRASH
• Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
BODY FLUID SPILLS
• Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
• Do not clean up spills unless you have been properly trained to do so.
• If a person is injured, assist as appropriate.

BOMB THREATS
• Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
• If it is determined by DPS that the threat is real, an evacuation will be implemented.
• If directed to evacuate, follow the Evacuation Guidelines.

CIVIL DISTURBANCE
• A demonstration should not be disrupted unless one or more of the following conditions exist as a result of the demonstration:
  • Interference with normal operations of the university.
  • Prevention of access to university facilities.
  • Threat of physical harm to people.
  • Threat or actual damage to university property.
• If there is an immediate threat of bodily harm or damage to property, call 911. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
EARTHQUAKE

During an Earthquake:

• Find shelter under a sturdy desk or table if possible, kneel down and cover your head with your arms. Standing in a doorway is another option.
• Stay away from windows, temporary walls, partitions, and free standing objects such as file cabinets, bookshelves, etc.
• Do not panic or attempt to evacuate.
• Do not attempt to use the elevators.
• The initial shock of an earthquake usually lasts less than a minute.

After the Earthquake:

• If you or others are injured and require medical assistance, call 911. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
• If directed to evacuate, follow the Evacuation Guidelines.

EXPLOSION

• Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
• If it is safe to do so, assess the extent of the damage sustained and/or the injuries involved and provide this information to DPS.
• Alert all personnel in the immediate area, checking for any damage or dangerous conditions.
• Do not use the elevators.
• Evacuate the building following the Evacuation Guidelines.
FIRE
OPEN OFFICE AREA
Activate the nearest fire alarm.
Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.

Describe the extent of the fire.
If the fire is small and you know how to use a fire extinguisher, locate and use the nearest fire extinguisher.

If you cannot extinguish the fire:
- Alert all personnel in the area.
- Exit the room or hallway immediately.
- Close any doors in your immediate area.
- Evacuate the building following the Evacuation Guidelines.

FIRE
ENCLOSED ROOM-
FIRE OUTSIDE THE DOOR
Feel the door with the back of your hand.

If it is hot, do not open the door.
(if it is not hot, see below).
- Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Describe to DPS the extent of the fire, if known.
- Place an article of clothing or other obstruction along the bottom of the door to keep smoke out.
- Move as far away from the door and heat source as possible.
- Wait for rescue personnel to arrive.

If you feel the door and it is not hot:
- Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Describe to DPS the extent of the fire if known.
- Slowly open the door while standing behind it. If no danger is present, activate the nearest fire alarm and proceed to the nearest exit.
- If the area is filled with smoke, stay low or crawl to the nearest exit.
- Evacuate the building following the Evacuation Guidelines.
HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RELEASE

Hazardous materials include chemical and biological agents in either a solid, liquid or gaseous state. If there is a large spill or release of a hazardous material, or if hazardous vapors are being released:

- Evacuate the area immediately.
- If possible, isolate the spill or vapor release by closing doors, etc.
- If the material made contact with your skin or eyes, proceed to the nearest safety shower or eyewash (or a washroom if a safety shower or eyewash are not in the vicinity) and flush the exposed area with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes or until medical assistance arrives.
- Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number.
- If possible, identify the released material and obtain a Safety Data Sheet to provide to the emergency responders.

MAIL THREATS/SUSPICIOUS PACKAGES

- If a suspicious package is discovered on campus, call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
- Do not move, shake or open the package. Isolate it immediately.

SERIOUS INJURY OR ILLNESS

- Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
- Do not attempt to move an injured person unless doing so may prevent further injury.
- If necessary, and if trained to do so, provide first aid/CPR to the injured person.
- Remain with the injured or ill person until emergency personnel arrive and you are relieved by the emergency personnel.
- Do not obstruct emergency personnel.
SEVERE WEATHER

Severe Thunderstorm Watch—severe thunderstorms are possible in the area.

Severe Thunderstorm Warning—severe thunderstorms are occurring in the area.

Tornado Watch—conditions are favorable for the possible development of tornados in the area.

Tornado Warning—a tornado has either been sighted or identified by weather radar.

Severe thunderstorms are capable of producing damaging winds, hail and lightning. When severe thunderstorms are present, there is often a heightened risk that tornados could occur. DPS will alert the campus if a Tornado Warning is issued or if a tornado has been spotted in the area. Warnings will be issued by local television stations, local news radio stations, and NOAA weather radio. Local governments may activate outdoor sirens, but in most cases, building occupants may not be able to hear them.

Should a severe weather notification occur:

• Move the designated shelter areas following the guidelines.
• If you cannot reach a designated shelter area, move as far away from the windows as possible. Lie down on the floor, under a desk or table if possible, curl up and protect your head and eyes.
• Do not use elevators or cell phones.
• Call 911 to report any injuries or damage when possible.

UTILITY OUTAGE

• If a loss of power causes a threat to people or property, call 911 immediately.
• Notify Facilities Development & Management, 708.534.4515 immediately.
• All personnel should remain in their respective areas unless directed otherwise by DPS or designated authority.

WATER-RELATED EMERGENCIES

• Call 911 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including building wing and room number. Do not hang up until the emergency personnel so directs.
• Do not touch any electrical outlets, equipment, etc.
• Evacuate the area.
• If outside, do not drive through flooded areas.
PERSONAL SAFETY

SECURITY ON THE STREET

- Request the GSU Safety Escort service or shuttle service by calling 708.534.4900 or by using any red emergency phone inside the university.
- Stay alert to your surroundings—use of electronic devices (phones, iPods, etc.) can be distracting.
- Avoid going out alone at unusual hours or being in secluded places.
- If you are being followed, go to a well-lit or populated place and notify DPS.
- At night, stay in well-lit areas.
- Avoid displaying any amount of money you are carrying.
- Keep a firm grip on your purse or bag. If possible, put the strap over your shoulder and tuck the purse or bag between your arm and body.
- Be familiar with the location of the outdoor campus emergency phones and call boxes.
- Utilize crosswalks at all times, be aware of vehicular traffic, and obey signs and signals at intersections/crossings when walking.

SECURITY IN THE OFFICE

- Keep wallets and purses secure. Lock them in a drawer if possible.
- If you see people in your area who do not belong, contact DPS.
- Demand proper identification and authorization before allowing anyone to remove equipment from your office.
- Do not loan keys or equipment to strangers or unknown workers.
- Lock your office whenever it is unattended.
- When working after hours or weekends, notify DPS of your whereabouts and when you leave.
SECURITY IN YOUR CAR

- Park your car in a well-lit area.
- Lock your car.
- As you approach your car, check for person(s) who may be hiding behind, in front or underneath it.
- After you get into your car, lock the doors.
- If you are being followed, drive to a police or fire station and sound your horn until help arrives.
- Always be sure your car has enough gas to get you to and/or from your destination.
- Remove phones, CD’s, or any items of value from plain view to avoid burglaries.
- Never pick up strangers or go with a stranger who offers help.

VICTIM OR WITNESS OF CRIME

- If you are accosted by someone who displays or appears to have a weapon, do not try to ward off the attacker.
- Be observant and obtain as much information as you can. Note information about the perpetrator without endangering yourself.
- If the perpetrator flees, note the direction of travel and the vehicle/license plate if possible.
- Preserve the crime scene for the police.
- If you are the victim of a criminal sexual assault, call 911 immediately, and refrain from showering or washing yourself temporarily until the police can properly investigate.

Governors State University

DRAFT
The Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) of 2008 requires each university to report fire safety statistics for on-campus housing.

Enclosed statistics are reported for 2019, 2020, and 2021 calendar years.
The Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) of 2008 requires that each university report fire safety statistics for on-campus student housing. Specifically, the Act requires information on the cause of each fire, the number of injuries and deaths related to a fire, and the value of property damage caused by the fire being reported. Information related to Governors State University of fire safety efforts has been provided to increase awareness of the programs and equipment that exist to ensure the safety and well-being of our students, employees and guests.

**Fire Safety Statistics:** Governors State University Residential Housing Prairie Place was constructed and opened in the fall of 2014.

Prairie Place is equipped with Simplex 4100U fire alarm panels. The system consists of addressable manual pull stations, visual/audible alarm devices, and integrated automatic detection devices. Each sleeping room in the residence hall is equipped with an addressable smoke detector and sounder base. All smoke detectors, heat detectors, duct detectors, pull stations, and sprinkler controls in the residence hall is supervised and monitored by the building Simplex 4100U panel where each point is assigned an address that identifies the exact location of each initiating device. The display provides the location of the initiating device which is also transmitted to the annunciator panel at University Police. The systems are monitored 24/7 by the main fire alarm panel located in the University Police Dispatch Center.

The residence hall has fire suppression system including the attic spaces, where dry pipe systems exist. The sprinkler systems is supervised and monitored by the building Simplex fire alarm panels which report all alarm and trouble conditions to the annunciator at Campus Police.

Fire extinguishers are located in the residence hall in accordance with NFPA 10, Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers.

**Fire Alarm Testing and Inspection:** Pull station, horns, strobes, bells, smoke/heat detectors, batteries and fire alarm panels are inspected semiannually and annually. Smoke detectors are cleaned, inspected and tested annually. All inspections and testing are performed by a certified fire alarm company in accordance with National Fire Alarm Code NFPA 72.

**Automatic Sprinkler System and Fire pump:** Automatic sprinklers are tied into the fire alarm system. The sprinkler systems and fire pumps are inspected and tested semiannually by a certified inspection company in accordance with NFPA 13A.
**Supervised Fire Drills:** At least two fire evacuation drills per calendar year are conducted in the residence hall. The fire evacuation drills are supervised by a team of University employees and are evaluated for effectiveness.

**Fire Safety Policies and Rules:** Governors State University of has instituted fire safety regulations in order to prevent injuries to members of the campus community and physical damage to facilities. The on-campus housing policies are published in the University housing Handbook:

**SMOKE-FREE**

Governors State University Smoke Free/Tobacco Free Campus Policy and Principles

Policy: As of July 1, 2015 Governors State University prohibited smoking and tobacco products indoors and outdoors on campus property including parking lots and in parked cars. Littering the remains of tobacco products or any other related waste product on campus property is further prohibited.

[Click here to read the Higher Education Smoke Free Campus Act from the Illinois General Assembly.](#)

Benefits: The policy was written in support of the Smoke-Free Campus Act (110 ILCS 64/). This law mandates that as of July 1, 2015 smoking is prohibited on each state of Illinois supported institution of higher education. The Smoke-Free Campus Act and the additional measures of the Board of Trustees policy establishes and maintains a healthier campus environment; intends to reduce absenteeism and illness due to medical issues that may be caused by smoking, secondhand smoke, and/or tobacco use; the policy also encourages a cleaner campus.

Scope: This policy applies to any individual on campus property, including but not limited to students, faculty, staff, other employees, contractors, subcontractors, guests, volunteers, visitors and members of the public. It is applicable twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week.

"Smoke or Smoking" means (1) the carrying, smoking, burning, inhaling, or exhaling of any kind of lighted pipe, cigar, cigarillo, beedies, kreteks, water pipe, bong, cigarette, hookah, weed, herbs, or other lighted smoking equipment; (2) lighting or burning of non-tobacco plants or marijuana; and (3) using nicotine products not approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as a smoking cessation product, such as electronic cigarettes.
Definitions:

"Campus Property" means any property owned, leased, occupied, operated or otherwise controlled by Governors State University, including but not limited to academic and auxiliary buildings, classrooms, laboratories, residences, residence halls, elevators, stairwells, restrooms, roofs, meeting rooms, hallways, lobbies and other common areas, athletic complexes and facilities, exterior open spaces, shuttle buses, shuttle bus stops, driveways, loading docks, university-owned streets, sidewalks and walkways, and as further set forth on the GSU smoke-free campus map (below).

"Tobacco Products" means all forms of tobacco, including but not limited to cigarettes, cigars, cigarillos, pipes, beedies, kreteks, water pipes, bongs, and hookahs, electronic cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chewing tobacco and any non-FDA approved nicotine delivery device or product.

"Student" means an individual enrolled in a credit or noncredit course.
"Employee" means an individual who is employed by Governors State University in consideration for direct or indirect monetary wages or profit.

"Guest" means a visitor to the campus who is not a student or employee.

Processes/Procedures/Guidelines:

1. The university shall post "No Smoking" signs or "No Smoking" symbols across the campus, such as at building entrances. However, this policy applies to all campus property whether or not such notices are posted.

2. Organizers of and attendees at public events, such as conferences, meetings, public lectures, social events, cultural events, and sporting events, as well as non-university events held on campus property must abide by this policy. Organizers of such events are responsible for informing attendees of this policy.

3. Individuals found to be noncompliant will be subject to existing campus disciplinary measures:
   a. For students, such noncompliance will be referred to the Dean of Students Office.
   b. For employees, such noncompliance will be referred to the employee's supervisor or the Human Resources Department, as applicable.
   c. For contractors and subcontractors, such noncompliance will be referred to the campus unit responsible for monitoring performance of the applicable contract.
   d. Visitors and members of the public who refuse to comply with this policy may be asked to leave campus.

Exceptions under the Law (110 ILCS 64/5) and University Policy:

Ceremonial Smoking: Individuals or groups interested in smoking as part of a ceremony in or on campus property must seek advance approval from the Associate Vice President for Facilities Development and Management by submitting a request for approval. For consideration of an exemption send an e-mail to the Associate Vice President of Facilities Development and Management. For more information on Ceremonial Smoking Exemptions, click here to read our FAQs.

Smoking in Research: Smoking may be allowed in an enclosed area on campus property for a medical, scientific, or research program, provided that smoking is an integral part of such program and the appropriate campus research oversight body has approved the inclusion of smoking in the program pursuant to the applicable procedures for such medical, scientific, or research program.
Repair Requests – Emergency and Routine
Emergency repair requests for both public and living areas that involve electrical, running water or health or safety hazards should be reported to a Resident Assistant or desk staff immediately. Routine requests can be submitted via a work order. Any request that is a result of damage will be charged appropriately to the responsible resident(s). This includes any damages created by a student’s guest.

Maintenance Repair Service
All requests for ROUTINE repairs and maintenance are to be submitted via the work order system at 708.534.4515 8am-5pm. To request EMERGENCY service, please call Public Safety 708.534.4900.

Emergency maintenance requests include but are not limited to: broken pipes, clogged sinks, overflowing toilets and bathtubs, fires, noxious odors, gas or electrical service interruption and all items that threaten the life, health and safety of the apartment residents.

Equipment
Tampering with, altering or changing any university safety equipment, locks, fire alarms, smoke detectors, telephone equipment, TV cable, plumbing, electrical systems, etc. is prohibited.

Ceilings/Walls/False Barriers
Residents are prohibited from affixing any object to ceiling areas and from painting any ceiling areas. Residents are prohibited from tampering with or allowing any objects to come into contact with sprinkler heads.

Students’ room should reflect the condition noted on the Room Condition Report that was filled out at time of check in. To prevent damages, care should be taken when affixing items on the walls. The use of nails, adhesive tape, glue, screws and tacks is prohibited.

For fire safety reasons, no items or objects such as tapestries or furniture, may create a false wall and block the clear view of the four walls of the room. Items may not block the main window of the room or be attached to the ceiling or affixed on the door, as they may also interfere with emergency personnel.
**Sprinkler Heads**

Hanging objects from sprinkler heads or tampering with sprinkler heads in any way is strictly prohibited. Residents and their guests will be responsible for any damage to the sprinkler heads or ceiling tiles or water damage to any personal property which is the direct result of their actions.

**Electrical Appliances**

Across the country, unattended electrical appliances have led to many fires in residence halls. To prevent such occurrences from happening at GSU, all appliances or heat generating devises (such as an iron) must be properly monitored at all times. Failure to do so will be considered negligent and proper disciplinary actions will be taken.

For safety reasons, the following appliances are NOT PERMITTED in the residence hall:

- Devices with open heating elements
- Toaster ovens
- Freezers
- Lava Lamps
- Window/portable air conditioners
- All indoor grills (e.g. Black and Decker®, George Foreman® etc.)

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- Toaster ovens
- Freezers
- Lava Lamps
- Window/portable air conditioners
- All indoor grills (e.g. Black and Decker®, George Foreman® etc.)
• Halogen light bulbs (used in desk lamps or free standing lamps)
• Candles, incense, lanterns or any similar open flame device
• Waterbeds
• The following appliances ARE PERMITTED:
  • Automatic, pop-up toaster
  • Crock pot or slow food cooker
  • Sandwich maker
  • Waffle iron
  • Blender
  • Food processor
  • Portable or stand mixer
  • Automatic coffee maker (with fully enclosed heating element)
  • Hot pot (with fully enclosed heating element and automatic shut-off)
  • Corn popper (with fully enclosed heating element and automatic shut-off)
  • Clothes iron (with automatic shut-off)
  • Curling iron
  • Hair straightener/flat iron
  • Fish aquarium heater
  • Hair dryer
  • Hair rollers
  • Heating pad (with temperature settings)
  • Electric blanket (with temperature settings)

Approval is needed from University Housing for any appliances not included on the above list.

Due to poor ventilation and combustibility, no electrical appliances (including microwave and refrigerator) should be placed in closets, under lofted beds or behind room doors.

Additionally, a MicroFridge®, microwaves and refrigerators must be plugged directly into a wall outlet; they are not permitted to be plugged into a surge protector or extension cord. Misuse of electrical appliances by not following these guidelines is considered a fire hazard in addition to a policy violation.

**General Guidelines - Decorations**

Only UL Approved fire resistant and noncombustible decorations may be used. All decorations must be placed in such a way that they do not interfere with a person’s vision, safe passage or evacuation. No decorations or any other combustible items (including flags, posters, wires, cables etc.) may be placed or hung in a stairway, exit routes or ceilings of any room or lounge.

Life safety devices should not be decorated or obstructed in any way. As such, it is important that an 18-inch clearance is maintained around all safety devices,
including exit signs, fire extinguishers, smoke detectors, fire alarm pulls, emergency lights, audible fire signals/strobe lights, exit doors, sprinkler heads/cover plates and/or any other life safety devices. Electrical cords or lighting may not be hung around or attached to bed and door frames or placed underneath a carpet.

For fire safety reasons, dry vegetation, such as hay, straw, leaves, corn shocks or evergreen trees and branches are not permitted in the residence hall.

University Housing and the GSU Office of Environmental Health and Safety shall have the final authority as to what material may be used in decorations, should questions arise.

Decorations in violation of University policy must be removed immediately, at the direction of the Environmental Health and Safety Office or University Housing.

**Candles and Incense**

You may not possess candles, incense, lanterns or any similar open flame devices in your rooms. If these items are found in a room, the University Housing staff reserves the right to confiscate them and pursue disciplinary actions against the student. Candle warmers are permitted only in cases where the candle is just wax or its wick has been removed.

Candles/Incense used for religious purposes (i.e. Hanukkah, Solstice celebrations) must be kept in the RHD office and tagged appropriately. The RHD reserves the right to determine when and where these items may be used.

**Lighting/Extension Cords**

- Due to their combustibility and excessive heat, halogen light bulbs (used in desk lamps or free standing lamps) are prohibited in the residence hall. Torchière-style lamps, including multi-armed or flexible floor lamps, are also prohibited for safety reasons.
- The use of fluorescent light bulbs in desk lamps or free-standing lamps is permitted.
- For safety reasons, light fixtures or bulbs may not be covered or painted. Only UL approved lighting sets may be used.
- Only miniature type lighting (no more than one set of 50 miniature lights) or rope decorative lighting (no more than two, 12-foot lengths) is permitted. Under no circumstances, may these lights be left unattended when turned on.
- Only extension cords equipped with a ground (three-pronged plug) and an inline surge protector may be used. It is highly recommended that the proper
length of surge protectors be used to ensure that extension cords are used sparingly.

- Multi-plug adapters must have power strips with a safety overload circuit breaker. Only one power strip should be plugged into an outlet at any one time. It is important to not overload the power strip or outlet.
- For safety reasons, power strips, extension cords, rope lighting and decorative light sets must be set at least 18 inches away from all combustible and flammable materials. They should not run through any door openings, be attached or wrapped to furniture or the ceiling or be covered in any way.
- Removal of any university-installed light bulbs, fluorescent tubes, etc., is not permitted. A work order may be placed in the event that a university-provided light does not work.

**Christmas Trees**

Only artificial trees (excluding metallic trees) certified as fire-resistant and that are 24 inches or shorter are permitted in the residence hall. For safety reasons, students may not use live or cut trees of any kind (branches, boughs, swags, festoons, etc.). Artificial trees taller than 48 inches are only permitted on the first floor main lobby and lounge. Fire extinguishers must be nearby.

**Guidelines for Outdoor Grills**

- Grills must be used in the designated area located in the West sidewalk that is parallel to the building.
- Charcoal lighter fluid may not be stored inside any University building.
- Gasoline may not be used to light charcoal fires.
- Charcoal grill coals must be cold before disposal and must be dumped into a suitable garbage disposal container.
- Charcoal grill coals, whether hot or cold, may not be dumped onto the ground.
- The owner of the grill is responsible for the grill’s operation whenever it is in use or hot.

**Safety & Security**

The Department of University Housing has developed a number of programs and policies for your protection. In addition, the university employs a full-time 24/7 University Police Department.
Emergencies

GSU is equipped with emergency telephones that automatically ring to the Police Department 24 hours a day. The emergency telephones are either yellow or red.

- Push and release the red button to activate a two-way emergency response call to a Public Safety Telecommunicator. Press the black button to release (terminate) call.
- Dialing 4900 on any ivory-colored phone inside the university automatically connects you to the department without dialing, or go to room C1375 twenty-four (24) hours a day.
- Emergency 9-1-1- is accessible from any phone on campus;
- Just like any other city’s 911 system, a computer displays the caller’s location if they cannot communicate with the operator. Dialing 911 from a cell phone while on campus will also connect the caller to the University Park Police Department.
- There are “blue light phones” around campus in parking lots and alongside walkways.

In the event of a campus emergency, students are automatically subscribed to receive messages through the emergency notification system. The system will use students’ current directory information. Student may check their contact information under Academic Profile and My Profile in the portal. If the information is incorrect the student must contact the Registrar’s office at 708.534.4500 or regoffice@govst.edu.

Fire Safety and Prevention

A person, who intentionally causes a false alarm or false warning of a crime, fire or catastrophe, when such report is known to be false, is guilty of Disorderly Conduct. Pulling a fire alarm is considered a type 4 felony under Illinois law. Transmitting or causing to be transmitted a false alarm of a threat or impending destruction, such as a bomb threat, is a Class 3 felony, for which a fine of not less than $3,000 and no more than $10,000 shall be assessed in addition to any other penalty imposed.

Fire Extinguishers

Tampering with or using fire extinguishers for purposes other than firefighting is illegal and strictly prohibited. Violations will result in disciplinary action.
**Sprinkler Systems**

The sprinkler system is connected to the fire alarm systems. Students may not tamper with, cover, hang items from or remove any part of the sprinkler system. Such behavior will result in disciplinary action.

**Smoke Detectors**

Smoke detectors are installed in individual rooms and the building hallways and connected to the fire alarm system. When the smoke detector in the room is activated, the smoke detector alarm will sound off. It is possible that in some cases, the fire system in the building may not activate as a result. In such instances, leave your room and close your door behind you and immediately contact the Governors State University Police at 708.534.4900. You may not re-enter your room until the smoke detector stops sounding.

As a reminder, it is important that an 18-inch clearance is maintained around all safety devices, including smoke detectors, sprinkler systems, fire extinguishers and pull stations. No items may be hung or attached to any of these devices. Failure to comply with fire safety policies will result in disciplinary action.

**Fire Evacuation Procedure**

In compliance with state law and university housing policy, students must leave the building whenever a fire alarm is sounded. Failure to do so will result in disciplinary charges. The following evacuation directions should be followed:

A. Walk to the nearest exit. **DO NOT** run.

B. If you are inside a building or your room, feel the door with the back of your hand before opening it. **If the door is hot, do not open it.**

1. Call 9-1-1 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including floor and room number. Explain to 9-1-1 dispatcher the extent of the fire, if known.

2. Place an article of clothing or other obstruction along the bottom of the door to keep smoke out.

3. Move as far away from the door and heat source as possible.

4. Wait for the rescue personnel to arrive.

C. If inside a building or your room, and you feel **the door is not hot:**
1. Call 9-1-1 immediately. Give all pertinent information and your exact location, including floor and room number. Explain to 9-1-1 dispatcher the extent of the fire, if known.

2. Slowly open the door while standing behind it. Close doors behind you to contain the fire area.

3. If no danger is present, proceed to the nearest exit. If the fire alarm has not been activated, do so as you proceed toward the exit.

4. If the area is filled with smoke, stay low or crawl to the nearest exit.

5. Evacuate the building using the stairs. Do NOT use the elevator. Be aware of alternate stairwells if the nearest stairwell is blocked.

6. Do not run or panic.

7. Use the handrail in the stairwell, keep to the right, and move in a single file line. Do not push or shove.

8. Use red emergency phones located in stairwells and throughout campus if medical aid or assistance is required. Be prepared to give your location and the nature of the problem.

9. Exit the building and proceed to a staging area outside, away from the building. Do not obstruct roadways or the movement of emergency personnel. Remain in the staging area until notified by DPS personnel or other designated authority.

10. Do not re-enter the building unless the “all clear” has been given by emergency officials.

**Fire Procedures**

A. If the smoke detector activates in your apartment:

1. Check the apartment for smoke or actual fire. Should no smoke or fire be present, call 708.534.4900

2. If there is an actual fire, or if smoke is present, evacuate all apartment occupants to the outside areas, and out of the Fire Department's way (across the street or drive).

3. In case of an actual fire, warn the neighboring apartments that are along your path of evacuation.
4. From the nearest available phone, dial 9-1-1. State your name, floor, apartment/suite number, and that the smoke detector is sounding in your apartment/suite.

5. Do NOT attempt to extinguish the fire.

6. All occupants should remain outside the building until the Fire Department determines it is safe to re-enter the apartment building.

B. If you hear a smoke detector alarm coming from another apartment/suite:

1. Should the smoke detector sound in a vacant (unoccupied) apartment/suite, dial 911. State your name, apartment/suite number, and the location where the smoke detector is sounding.

2. If the smoke detector is sounding in an occupied apartment/suite, check the apartment/suite by banging on the door or walls, by yelling, etc. to determine if the occupants are home or have evacuated the apartment. Then find the closest phone and dial 9-1-1. State your name, floor and apartment number, and the location where the fire alarm is sounding.

3. Evacuate the building, warning the neighboring apartments that are along your path of evacuation. Move a safe distance away (across the street or drive), so you will not be in the way of the Fire Department.

4. All occupants should remain outside the building until the Fire Department determines it is safe to re-enter the apartment building.

**Dry Powder Fire Extinguisher**

To operate the dry powder fire extinguisher:

1. Remove the fire extinguisher from the holding bracket.

2. Pull the safety release pin near the top of the fire extinguisher. (This pin may be held in place with a breakable plastic strap.)

3. Aim the nozzle of the fire extinguisher at the base of the flames.

4. Squeeze the handles together to discharge the dry powder.

5. Sweep slowly back and forth across the fire with the dry powder stream. To check the dry powder fire extinguisher:

   1. Examine the circular pressure gauge located near the top of the fire extinguisher.
2. If the indicator needle on this pressure gauge is in the center position or slightly to the overcharged position, the fire extinguisher should operate correctly.

3. If the indicator needle on this pressure gauge is into the recharge position, the fire extinguisher may not function correctly.

Notify a University Housing staff member or contact University Housing, 708.235.7110, if the fire extinguisher pressure gauge indicator needle is into the recharge position or if the needle is well into the overcharge position.

**Fire Safety Training and Education:** The Environmental Health and Safety Officer, offers fire safety education and training, such as fire safety awareness and fire extinguisher training. Training and education programs are offered to all University Emergency Volunteers. Fire safety training or education can be scheduled by contacting the office of Facilities at 708 534-4515 or ext. 4515 or campus.

**Reporting Fires:** As with any emergency, all fires, either active fires or suspected fires that may have occurred, must be reported to University Police at ext. 4900 or 708-534-4900. Upon receipt of information relating to any fire on campus, the relevant information will be posted into the fire log, which is maintained in the Office of Public Safety, in C Bldg. Room 1375. This fire log is available for review by contacting DPS at 708-534-4900. The portion of the log covering the most recent sixty (60) day period may be reviewed by the general public during normal business hours. If a request is made to inspect the fire log that is more than 60 days old, the fire log will be made available within two business days of the request.
### FIRE STATISTICS 2021

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<th>VALUE OF THE PROPERTY CAUSED BY THE FIRE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 PRAIRIE PLACE</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

End of Report